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A computer virus is a kind of program that, like an ordinary virus, attaches itself to the host with the aim of multiplying and spreading its infection further. Computer viruses can be created by anyone with appropriate skills, from individuals to large organizations, and can infect computers, smartphones, tablets and even smart cars. The term computer virus is often mistakenly used as an umbrella term to refer to any suspicious software, plug-ins, or code that infects software, computers, and files. This misuse of the phrase is probably due to the fact that the large population is so well known because it is often used in TV shows and movies such as the Star Trek and Terminator franchises. In reality, the correct umbrella term for such malware is malware, of which the computer virus class is only one type. Other malware includes spyware, worms and Trojans. Basically, computer viruses are a type of malware that installs itself on the device and breeds. Some viruses are designed to steal or corrupt data, while others are created to destabilize a program or system and potentially make it unusable. Others are simply made for the pleasure of the programmer, and can only display an image or text message when the computer is turned on or the app is opened. If the malware that infected the host is not designed to increase and spread, it is not technically classified as a computer virus, no matter how dangerous it is. Many different types of viruses are usually categorized according to what they target and how they work, rather than by the process of creating them and the coding style. Many computer viruses can fall under more than one category. Here are some common examples of computer viruses: Browser Killer Viruses: These computer viruses infect your browser and are often used to change your home page, steal data, and run ads. Boot sector viruses: These are known to affect disks that are used to help start the system in addition to the hard disk boot sector. Direct Activity Viruses: These viruses are activated by opening a downloaded file or program. Email viruses: These emails are designed to multiply by connecting themselves to emails, creating emails using your address book, or infecting an email app to steal data. Macro viruses: Macro computer viruses are encoded in macro language so that they can be attached to documents and activated as soon as the file that is attached is opened. Polymorphic viruses: A type of computer virus that may change to avoid detection of security systems and antivirus programs. Domestic viruses: Domestic viruses infect the operating system and constantly operate in the background, which negatively affects the system and Performance. Non-domestic viruses: These types of viruses shut down after the task is completed. While many computer viruses can remain well hidden on your device, there are several clear behaviors that may suggest that you have been a victim of infection, such as driving system speed, mystical changes to system and application settings, notifications about services and applications you don't own, browser extensions or extensions installed without your permission, and inability to go online or open some programs. Fortunately, there are several ways to check for sure if your device has a computer virus or not. It is important to practice different strategies for the security of your computer and other smart devices against viruses and other malware. Here are some of the best ways to protect your COMPUTER. Keep your operating system and apps up to date: This makes it difficult to infect your devices with viruses. Connect only to trusted Internet connections: This can also protect you from other types of attacks, such as ARP scams. Avoid suspicious attachments: Never open e-mail attachments from unknown senders because they may contain malware and other viruses. Download files only from official websites and trusted sources: Downloading files from unknown websites is always a risk. No matter how legitimate the download can feel, if it's not from a known source, avoid it. Install antivirus software: A high-quality antivirus package will help you get rid of your computer's virus and protect you from future infections. Computer viruses can be frustrating and, at worst, incredibly dangerous. However, it is possible to protect yourself from them by taking the right precautions and, if necessary, process them if your devices are ever infected. Hey, guys! Today I have an April fool. It is not a real virus and will not harm your computer. it's just shortcut to open the memo and copy the text I have on it. then press the file, save as and save itpress start, find the virus (mine was under the virus you may not have.) locate the file and open it. Yours is done. Thank you and I'm asking you to vote for me in the run-up to the race, April is fooling around. Participated in the April Fool's Competition Norton's massive security tool kit, Norton Anti-Virus, and similar McAfee programs dominate store shelves when it comes to keeping your computer safe from a variety of bugs and carpets and other criminal surprises. However, savvy users don't always need these big secure buffets, some of which are alarmingly squirming around your system, as spyware does. Power users may prefer their protections a la carte, although they require a little more work and vigilance. Here are a couple of antivirus software that can view your system for viruses, quarantine them or remove them found and leave everything else alone. AntiVir 6 and AVG 7 Free Editon are both free for personal use, and while they are not the only free antivirus software online, they do the job properly. Everyone has their own pros and cons. Based on my own tests, they seem to be as effective as Norton and McAfee monsters, and they are small programs that don't Resources. It is important to note that neither of the programs is Web-based because some free antivirus applications are. They are in the background of Windows XP and constantly check the system for new viruses. AntiVir and AVG are both installed in minutes. They both protect against e-mail viruses, startup record viruses, and viruses spread from floppy disks, as well as Trojans, backdoors, jokes, worms, and any other virus-like code. Both drop small, discreet icons into the tray, and they are both highly configurable. However, they have their differences. AVG has an active email scanner that scans each message with it. Messages with virus attachments are sent to a quarantine folder, where you can do them the way you want, such as deleting them quickly. It attaches a notification that the message is virus-free, even to outgoing mail, but you can also turn off this feature. AntiVir doesn't have an active email scanner, but when you click on an email from a virus, the program opens an alert window telling you that it has found something nasty and asking what you want to do with it. AntiVir is missing an automatic update. Worse still, its manually started Web updates often require you to download the full versions of the program and run the entire installation routine. AVG updates regularly, configurably, and its downloads are small and go in seconds. It is a disadvantage that those looking for affordable antivirus may not care about. Some sources suggest that AntiVir gets more viruses than AVG. In my own unscientific testing, where I received the same emails on two computers (one equipped with every antivirus program) and downloaded all the active worms, Trojans and viruses I found, both programs grabbed everything. I feel comfortable with either installed on my system, but I prefer AVG's upgrade feature. a nice extra freebie. By Andrew Smith A Windows Explorer virus can slow down your computer, prevent you from using shortcuts found on your desktop, and even cause you to lose files and folders. While these viruses can be very annoying, for the most part they are not harder to remove than any other virus that spreads to your computer. By downloading the right programs and knowing what to remove, you can remove the File Explorer virus quite easily. Start by deleting all your temporary Internet files. The process of this varies depending on which browser you are using (Internet Explorer, Firefox, Chrome, etc.) To delete temporary files from My Computer, open My Computer, and then open Drive C. Open the Windows folder. Scroll down and open the Temp folder and delete everything that's in the folder. However, do not delete the folder itself. Download spybot. This malware has been updated several times to locate and remove malicious infections on your computer (see Resources). As soon as you have downloaded and installed the program, locate the available updates. Then scan your computer with Spybot. Download AVG Anti-Virus. AVG is a prestigious antivirus program that can be used for free throughout the year (see Resources). Just like with Spybot, you should look for AVG updates before scanning your computer. When you're done, you may need to restart your computer. Computer.

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